

KIPDA: k -Indistinguishable Privacy-preserving Data Aggregation in Wireless Sensor Networks

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The problem domain

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- Wireless sensor networks:

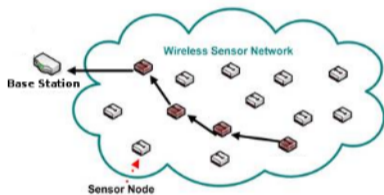


Image from <http://monet.postech.ac.kr/research.html>

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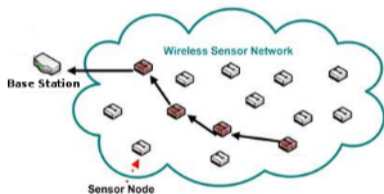


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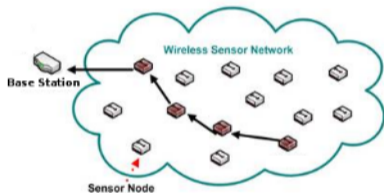


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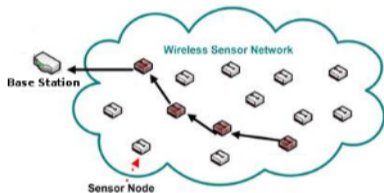


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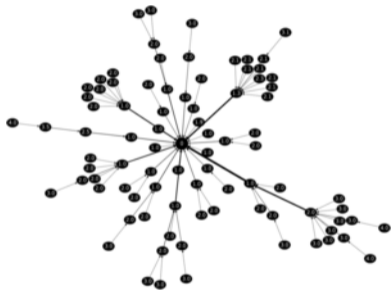


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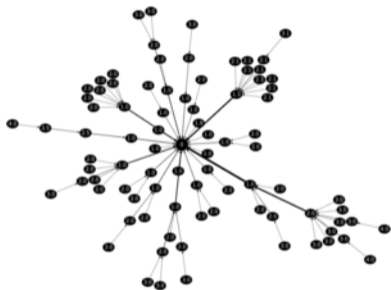


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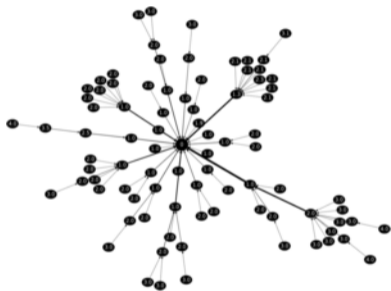


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 - We assume a standard tree like routing topology, e.g. the *collection tree protocol*.

Key challenges with sensitive data

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Image from

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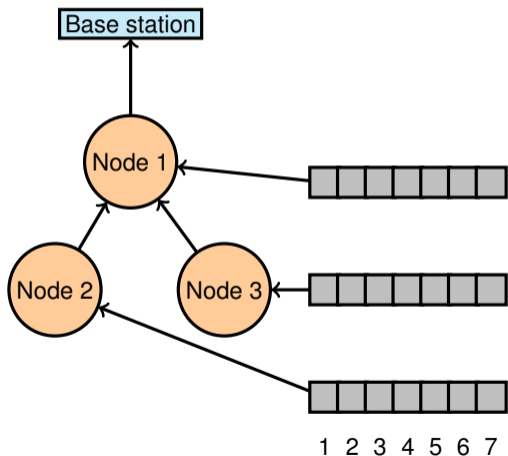
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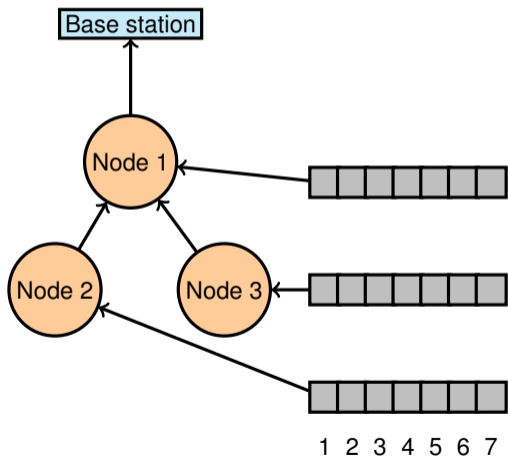
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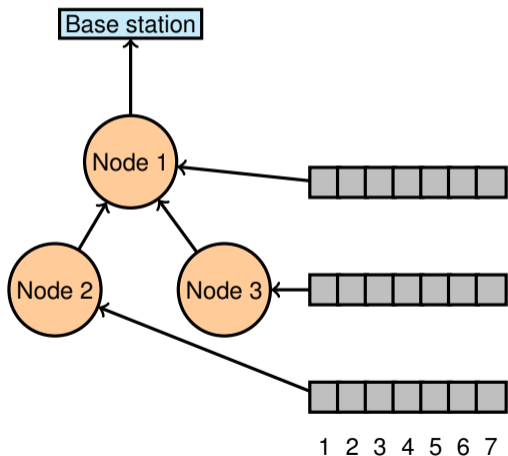
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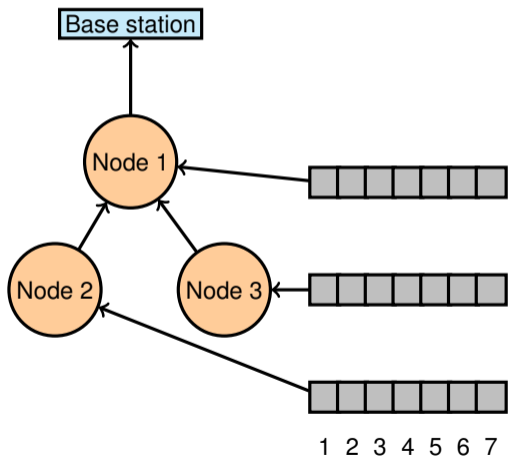
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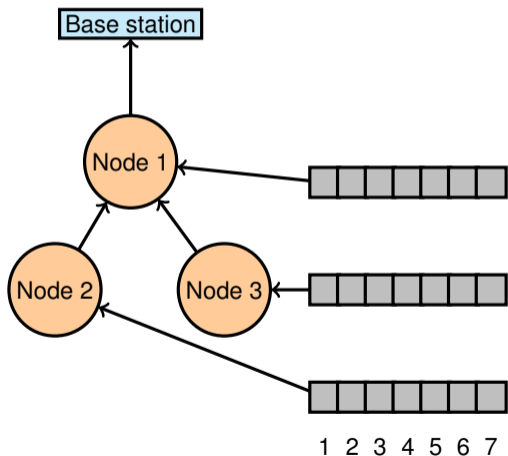
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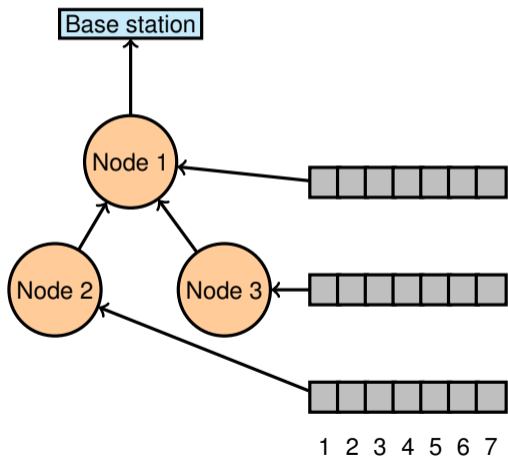
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- Message set of size 7.

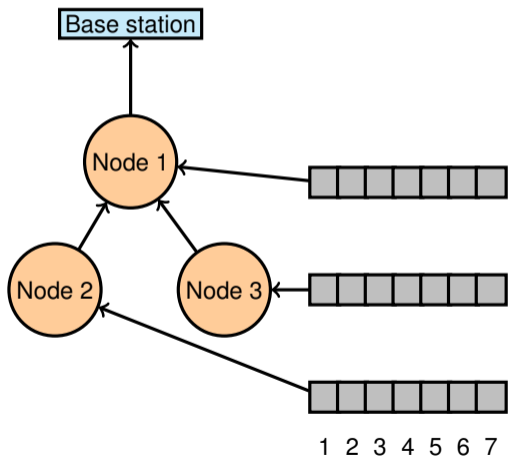
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4 phases to the protocol:

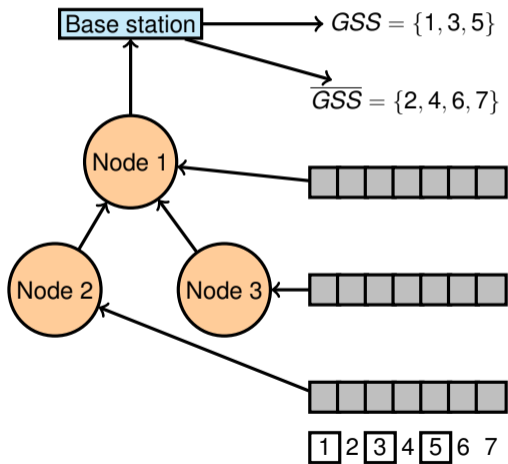
- 1 Pre-deployment phase.
- 2 Reporting phase.
- 3 Aggregation phase.
- 4 Base-station processing phase.

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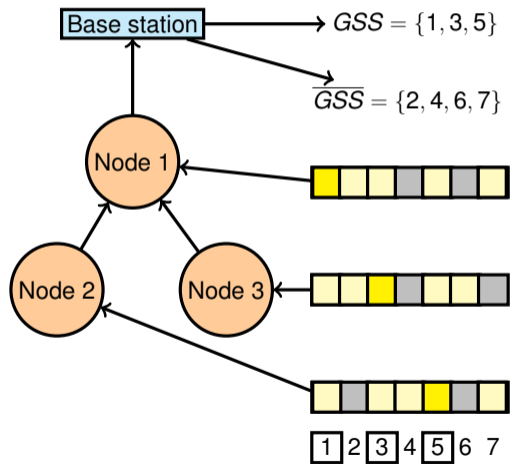
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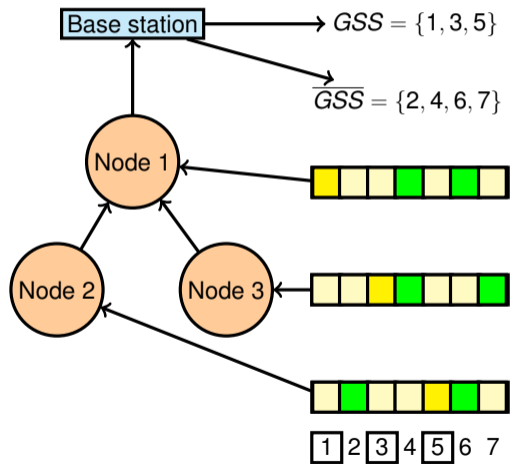
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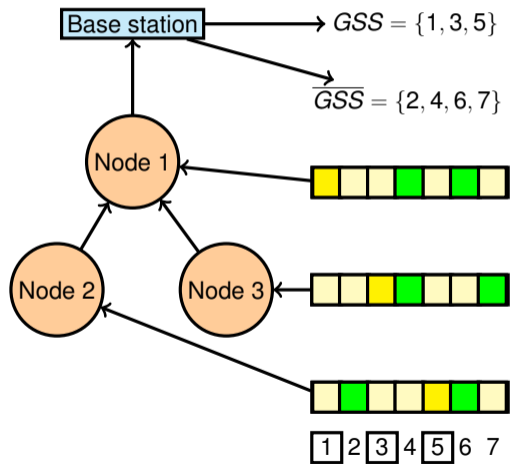
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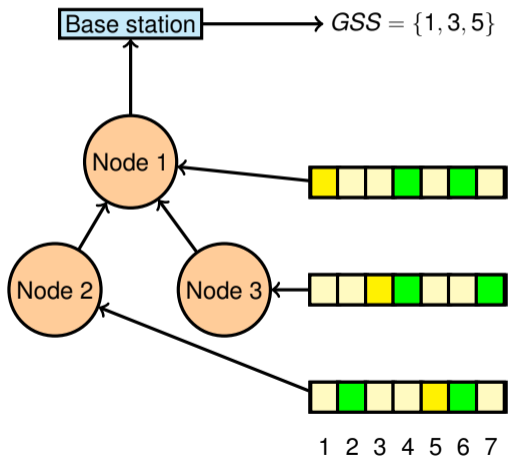
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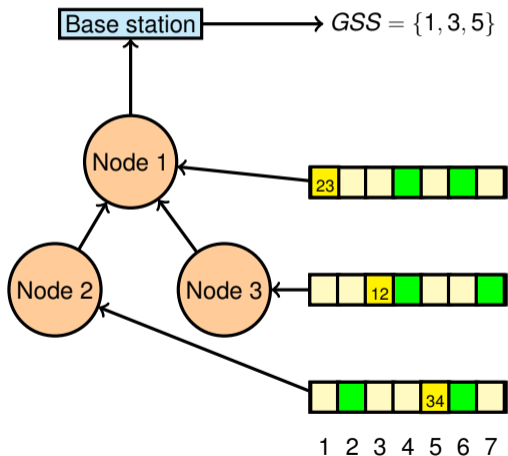
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- Attention is given to the sizes of sets.

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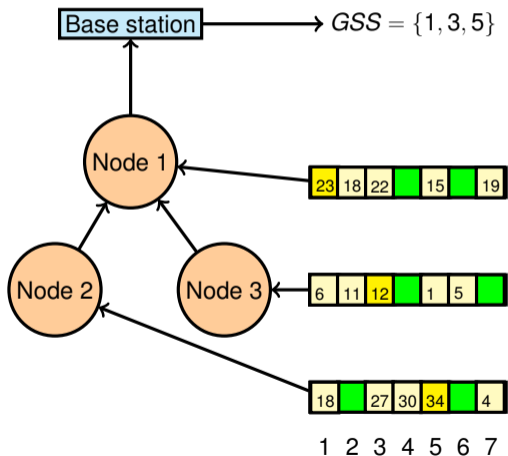
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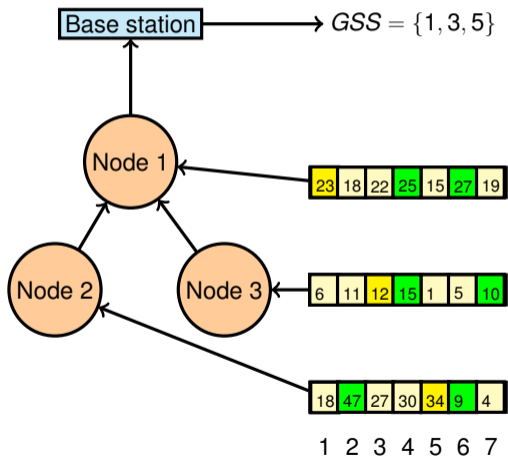
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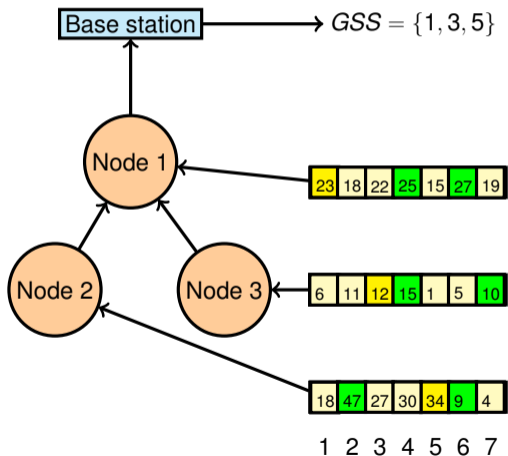
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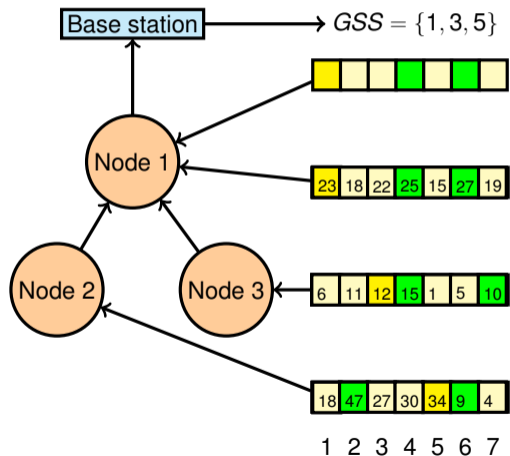
- The sensed values are put in the real value slots, (dark yellow).
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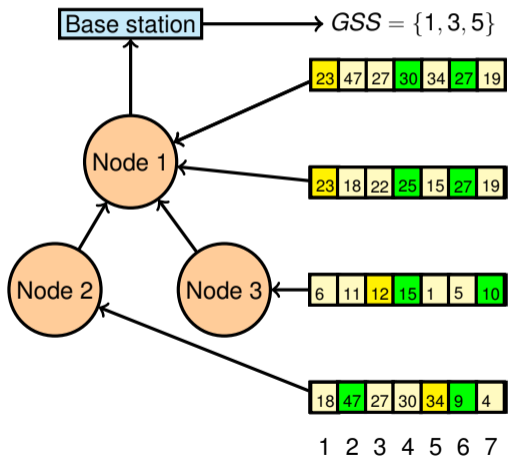
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- The aggregation function is then performed on the children and itself, if the aggregator senses.

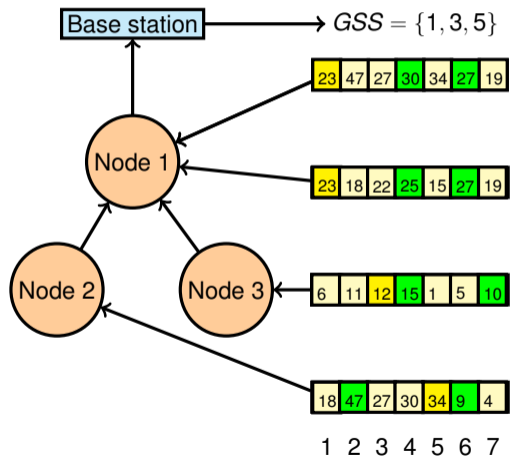
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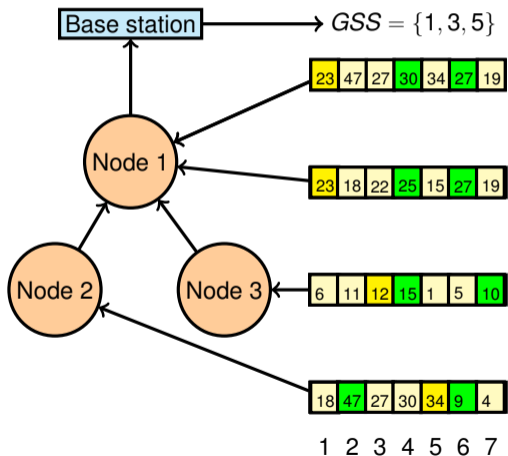
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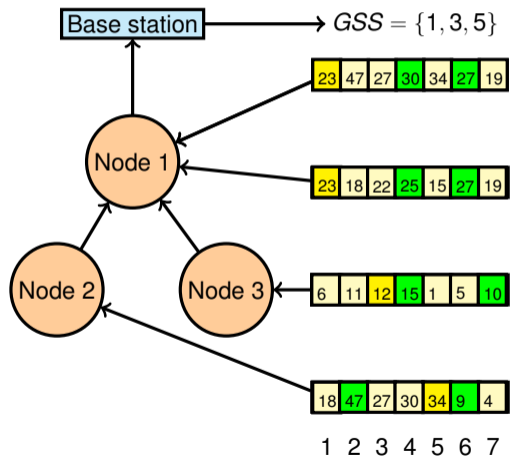
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- Message set is sent up the aggregation tree.

KIPDA example for MAX aggregation



4) Base station phase:

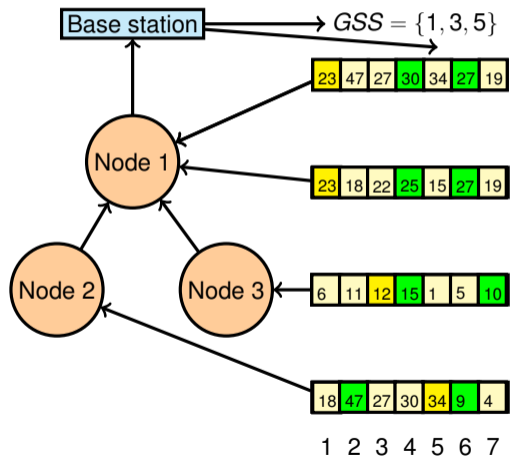
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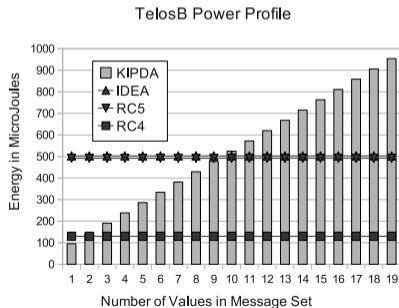
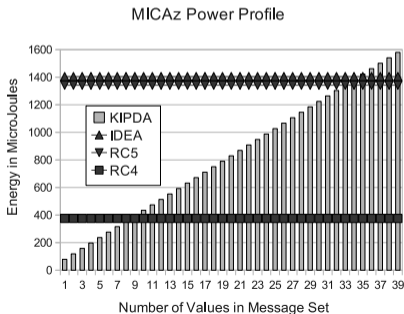
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- We then extrapolated this to a standard hop-by-hop encryption scheme.
- And then applied this to two common architectures, MICAz and TelosB.

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- Even though more messages are transmitted, energy is conserved.
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- We then extrapolated this to a standard hop-by-hop encryption scheme.
- And then applied this to two common architectures, MICAz and TelosB.



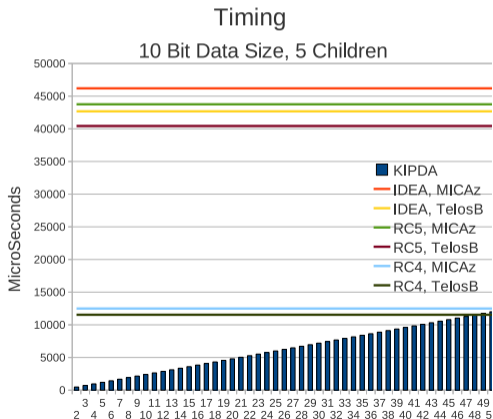
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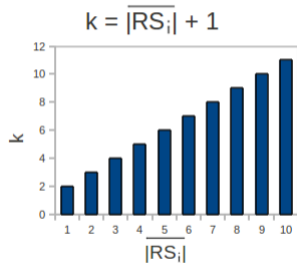
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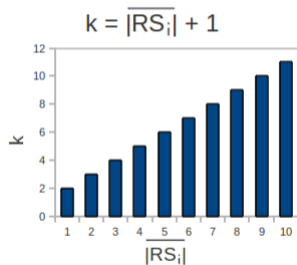
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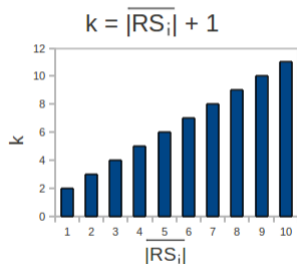
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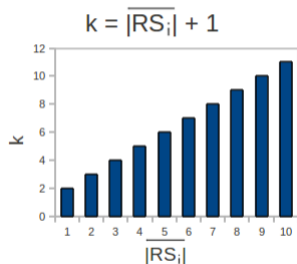


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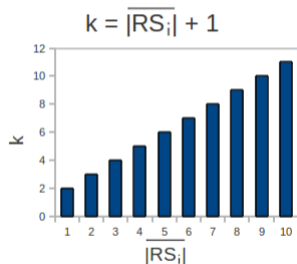


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- k is reduced if more rogue nodes collude.

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Limitations

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KIPDA	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) Provides a type of k-indistinguishability.2) Secrets are in plain text but camouflaged.3) Works well for honest-but-curious nodes.

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- The reverse order determines the size of the message set given the required minimal amount of node collusion.

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- Still need to exchange the restricted sets with the nodes and the base station every often.

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- Address mobility in nodes.

Thank you for your attention.
Questions?